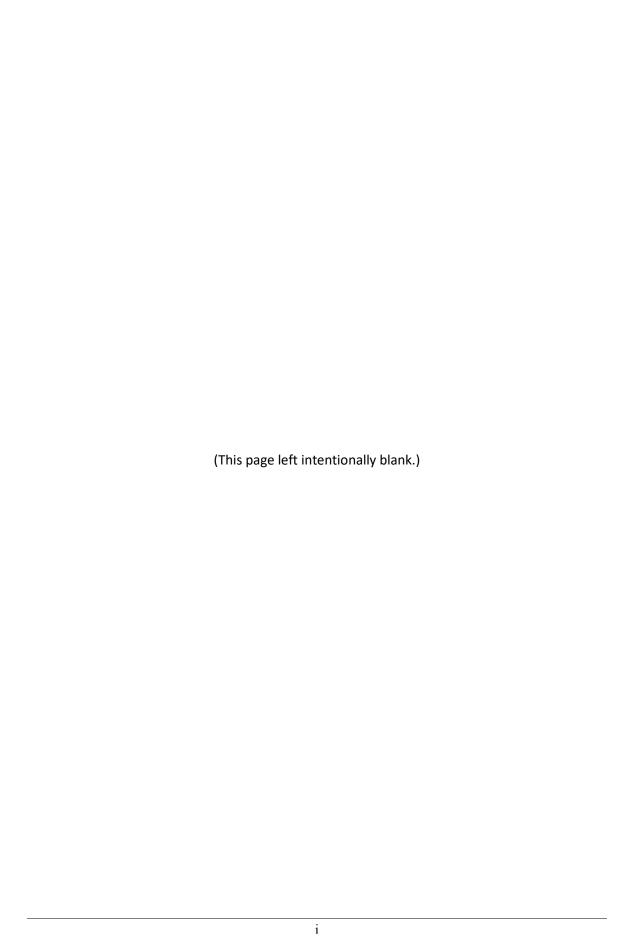
# COASTAL TEXAS ECOSYSTEM RESTORATION

Appendix E-3: Cost Effectiveness-Incremental Cost Analysis



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# Cost Effectiveness and Incremental Cost Analysis (CE/ICA) Appendix

### 1 Introduction

Comparing benefits and costs for ecosystem restoration provides a challenge to planners and decision makers because benefits and costs are not measured in the same units. Environmental restoration benefits can be measured in habitat units or some other physical unit, while costs are measured in dollars. Therefore, benefits and costs cannot be directly compared. Two analyses are conducted to help planners and decision makers identify plans for implementation, though the analyses themselves do not identify a single ideal plan. These two techniques are cost effectiveness and incremental cost analysis. Use of these techniques are described in the *Economic and Environmental Principles and Guidelines for Water and Related Land Resource Implementation Studies* (U.S. Water Resources Council 1983).

Cost effectiveness compares the annual costs and benefits of plans under consideration to identify the least cost plan alternative for each possible level of environmental output, and for any level of investment, the maximum level of output is identified.

Incremental cost analysis of the cost-effective plans is conducted to reveal changes in costs as output levels are increased. Results from both analyses are presented graphically to help planners and decision makers select plans. For each of the best buy plans identified through incremental cost analysis, an "is it worth it?" analysis is then conducted for each incremental measure or plan to justify the incremental cost per unit of output to arrive at a recommended plan.

For this study, the environmental output is the average annual habitat unit (AAHU). The development of the AAHU is discussed in detail in the environmental technical appendix.

### 2 MEASURES AND ALTERNATIVES

Nine management measures were identified through screening process to serve as the building blocks for the fully-formed alternatives to be evaluated with CE/ICA analysis. Four of the management measures were developed with two scales, effectively creating 13 management measures for creating alternatives. Scale 1 assumes there are no out-year nourishment actions beyond the initial construction. Scale 2 assumes one or more out-year nourishment after initial construction and within the 50-year period of analysis, varying by measure. A list of the measures along with nourishment cycles is present in Table 1. More detailed information can be found in the Environmental technical appendix. Each measure acts independently in creating environmental benefits (output), there being no synergistic or redundant effects on benefits when measures are combined to form alternatives. Given this independence, environmental benefits and project first costs were developed separately for each measure and are fully additive when measures are combined to form alternatives.

**Table 1. List of Management Measures, Scales and Out-Year Nourishments** 

		Out-Year Nourishment				
Measure	Description	Frequency	Timing (year)	Duration (Years)		
G-5	Bolivar Peninsula/Galveston Island Gulf Beach and Dune Restoration	1	10	15		
G-28-1	Bolivar Peninsula and West Bay GIWW Shoreline and Island Protection (Scale 1)					
G-28-2	Bolivar Peninsula and West Bay GIWW Shoreline and Island Protection (Scale 2)	1	30	10		
B-2	Follets Island Gulf Beach and Dune Restoration	1	10	10		
B-12-1	Bastrop Bay, Oyster Lake, West Bay, and GIWW Shoreline Protection (Scale 1)					
B-12-2	Bastrop Bay, Oyster Lake, West Bay, and GIWW Shoreline Protection (Scale 2)	1	30	21		
CA-5-1	Keller Bay Restoration (Scale 1)					
CA-5-2	Keller Bay Restoration (Scale 2)	1	30	5		
CA-6	Powderhorn Shoreline Protection and Wetland Restoration					
M-8-1	East Matagorda Bay Shoreline Protection (Scale 1)					
M-8-2	East Matagorda Bay Shoreline Protection (Scale 2)	1	30	5		
SP-1	Redfish Bay Protection and Enhancement					
W-3	Port Mansfield Channel, Island Rookery, and Hydrologic Restoration	Every 3 Year	rs	1		

During the plan formulation process, a series of planning strategies based on planning objectives were defined. These strategies serve as the basis of organizing the management measures into fully-formed alternatives to meet that strategy. There are six alternatives (aligning with six strategies), each with two scales consistent with measure scales. Scale 1 alternatives assume no out-year nourishment for measures G-28, B-12, CA-5, and M-8. Scale 2 alternatives assume there is out-year nourishment for those measures, if they are included in the alternative. Measures G-5, B-2 and W-3 will have out-year nourishment in any alternative where they are included. Table 2 provides a list of the six alternatives and their scales and identification of the strategy for that alternative. Table 3 provides a crosswalk of management measures to alternatives.

**Table 2. List of Fully Formed Alternatives** 

Alternative/Scale	Strategy/Description
Alternative 1-1	Coast-wide All-Inclusive Restoration Alternative (Scale 1)
Alternative 1-2	Coast-wide All-Inclusive Restoration Alternative (Scale 2)
Alternative 2-1	Coast-wide Restoration of Critical Geomorphic or Landscape Features (Scale 1)
Alternative 2-2	Coast-wide Restoration of Critical Geomorphic or Landscape Features (Scale 2)
Alternative 3-1	Coast-wide Barrier System Restoration (Scale 1)
Alternative 3-2	Coast-wide Barrier System Restoration (Scale 2)
Alternative 4-1	Coast-wide Bay System Restoration (Scale 1)
Alternative 4-2	Coast-wide Bay System Restoration (Scale 2)
Alternative 5-1	Coast-wide Ecosystem Restoration Contributing to Infrastructure Risk Reduction (Scale 1)
Alternative 5-2	Coast-wide Ecosystem Restoration Contributing to Infrastructure Risk Reduction (Scale 2)
Alternative 6-1	Top Performers (Scale 1)
Alternative 6-2	Top Performers (Scale 2)

Table 3. Crosswalk of Measures by Alternative

	Measures													
Alt.	G5	G28-1	G28-2	B2	B12-1	B12-2	CA5-1	CA5-2	CA6	M8-1	M8-2	SP1	W3	
1-1	•	•		•	•		•		•	•		•	•	
1-2	•		•	•		•		•	•		•	•	•	
2-1	•			•	•				•				•	
2-2	•			•		•			•				•	
3-1	•	•		•									•	
3-2	•		•	•									•	
4-1		•			•		•		•	•		•		
4-2			•			•		•	•		•	•		
5-1	•	•		•	•									
5-2	•		•	•		•								
6-1	•	•		•	•				•					
6-2	•		•	•		•			•					

### 3 Environmental Restoration Benefits

To determine benefits of an environmental restoration plan, future with-project and future without-project environmental outputs are developed using appropriate models. These models generate indices which are multiplied by the affected acres to calculate habitat units (HUs). The models used for this study are the Habitat Evaluation and Assessment Tool (HEAT) and the Wetland Value Assessment (WVA). The habitat units are then averaged over the planning period to get average annual habitat units (AAHUs). Future without-project AAHUs are subtracted from the future with-project AAHUs to derive the measure or alternative's output, or benefit. A summary the AAHUs for each of the measures and scales is presented in Table 4. A more detailed discussion of the development of the AAHUs is found in the Environmental technical appendix.

Table 4. Average Annual Habitat Units by Measure and Scale

Measure	Without-Project	With-Project	Net AAHUs
G-5	804	2,624	1,820
G-28-1	20,327	21,414	1,087
G-28-2	20,327	29,537	9,210
B-2	222	613	391
B-12-1	30,357	31,618	1,261
B-12-2	30,357	47,591	17,234
CA-5-1	559	781	222
CA-5-2	559	890	331
CA-6	901	919	18
M-8-1	10,769	10,992	223
M-8-2	10,769	17,072	6,303
SP-1	20	3,521	3,501
W-3	8,279	38,815	30,536

### **4 PROJECT FIRST COSTS**

Planning level construction costs were developed for each measure, inclusive of real estate values for lands to be acquired and the economic use of lands currently owned by the sponsor or Federal agency (but not required to be purchased). To estimate project first costs, monitoring and adaptive management costs and cultural resource costs were also developed for each measure. This section provides an overview of those costs the steps used to annualize those cost for comparison to AAHUs.

### 4.1 Construction Costs

Construction first cost estimates include dredging excavation, material placement, breakwaters, plantings, and real estate requirements for each of the management measures for both initial construction and continued construction (out-year nourishments). For each measure, a low and high cost was estimated, with an average of the two used for alternative evaluation. A summary of these costs is presented in Table 5. Additional information about the development of these costs can be found in the cost engineering appendix.

Table 5. Low, High and Average Cost Estimates for Initial Construction and Continuing Construction (\$1,000, October 2017 Prices)

Measure	Initial Construction - Low Estimate	Initial Construction - High Estimate	Initial Construction - Average Estimate	Continuing Construction - Low Estimate	Continuing Construction - High Estimate	Continuing Construction - Average Estimate	Total of Average Initial and Continuing Construction Estimates
G-5	\$2,974,454	\$3,711,107	\$3,342,781	\$946,809	\$1,325,533	\$1,136,171	\$4,478,952
G-28-1	757,074	989,345	873,210	0	0	0	873,210
G-28-2	757,074	989,345	873,210	474,513	664,318	569,416	1,442,626
B-2	433,386	600,155	516,771	517,313	724,238	620,776	1,137,547
B-12-1	517,262	717,713	617,488	0	0	0	617,488
B-12-2	517,262	717,713	617,488	2,925,131	4,095,183	3,510,157	4,127,645
CA-5-1	46,692	65,369	56,031	0	0	0	56,031
CA-5-2	46,692	65,369	56,031	15,685	21,959	18,822	74,853
CA-6	64,078	88,280	76,179	0	0	0	76,179
M-8-1	149,971	209,720	179,846	0	0	0	179,846
M-8-2	149,971	209,720	179,846	298,825	418,355	358,590	538,436
SP-1	274,405	384,164	329,285	0	0	0	329,285
W-3	36,098	50,039	43,069	433,173	606,442	519,808	562,877

## 4.2 MONITORING AND ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT AND CULTURAL RESOURCES COSTS

In addition to construction costs, the first cost used for comparison to benefits must also include cost estimates for monitoring and potential adaptive management actions and cultural resources. Monitoring and adaptive management cost estimates are based on a percentage the initial construction cost for each of the measures, as shown in Table 6. Cultural Resources cost estimates for each measure are shown in Table 7. Additional information for these estimates can be found in the respective technical appendices.

Table 6. Monitoring and Adaptive Management Costs (\$1,000)

Measure	Percentage of Initial Construction	Monitoring and Adaptive Management Costs
G-5	1.0%	\$33,428
G-28-1	3.0%	26,196
G-28-2	3.0%	26,196
B-2	1.0%	6,145
B-12-1	3.0%	18,525
B-12-2	3.0%	18,525
CA-5-1	2.0%	1,121
CA-5-2	2.0%	1,121
CA-6	2.0%	1,524
M-8-1	3.0%	5,395
M-8-2	3.0%	5,395
SP-1	3.0%	9,879
W-3	2.0%	861

Table 7. Cultural Resources Costs (\$1,000)

Measure	Cultural Resources Survey, National Register of Historical Places Testing and Mitigation Costs
G-5	\$671,790
G-28-1	1,887,925
G-28-2	1,887,925
B-2	182,752
B-12-1	3,036,277
B-12-2	3,036,277
CA-5-1	203,580
CA-5-2	203,580
CA-6	200,753
M-8-1	761,021
M-8-2	761,021
SP-1	125,255
W-3	3,731,748

### 4.3 AVERAGE ANNUAL COSTS

Project costs were annualized using the annualizer module of the *IWR Planning Suite*, v. 2.0.6 software package, which is the USACE certified tool for developing annual costs. Initial construction first costs were annualized from the beginning of construction to the base year, which for these measures is the year of completion of construction when benefits begin to accrue.

Tables 9 through 12 display the development of the average annual costs for the outyear nourishments.

Table 8. Derivation of Average Annual Costs for Initial Construction (\$1,000, October 2017 Prices, 2.75% Interest Rate, 50-Year Period of Analysis)

Measure	Initial Construction Cost	Monitoring and Adaptive Management	Cultural Resources Costs	Initial Construction First Cost	Initial Construction Duration (Years)	Interest During Construction	Investment Costs	Interest	Amortization	Average Annual Initial Construction First Cost
G-5	\$3,342,781	\$33,428	672	\$3,376,881	15	\$790,838	\$4,167,719	\$114,612	\$39,764	\$154,376
G-28-1	873,210	26,196	1,888	901,294	7	91,323	992,617	27,297	9,470	36,767
G-28-2	873,210	26,196	1,888	901,294	7	91,323	992,617	27,297	9,470	36,767
B-2	516,771	5,168	183	522,122	10	77,722	599,844	16,496	5,723	22,219
B-12-1	617,488	18,525	3,036	639,049	7	64,752	703,801	19,355	6,715	26,070
B-12-2	617,488	18,525	3,036	639,049	7	64,752	703,801	19,355	6,715	26,070
CA-5-1	56,031	1,121	204	57,356	5	4,075	61,431	1,689	586	2,275
CA-5-2	56,031	1,121	204	57,356	5	4,075	61,431	1,689	586	2,275
CA-6	76,179	1,524	201	77,904	5	5,536	83,440	2,295	796	3,091
M-8-1	179,846	5,395	761	186,002	5	13,217	199,219	5,479	1,901	7,380
M-8-2	179,846	5,395	761	186,002	5	13,217	199,219	5,479	1,901	7,380
SP-1	329,285	9,879	125	339,289	5	24,110	363,399	9,993	3,467	13,460
W-3	43,069	861	3,732	47,662	2	1,319	48,981	1,347	467	1,814

Table 9. Development of Average Annual Continuing Construction Cost for Measures G-5 and G-28-2 (October 2017 Prices 2.75% Discount Rate, 50-Year Period of Analysis)

	G-5				G-28-2			
				Present Value				Present Value
Period	O&M	Continuing Construction	Subtotal	Continuing Construction	O&M	Continuing Construction	Subtotal	Continuing Construction
1	OWN	Construction	0	0.00	OWN	Constituction	0	0.00
2			0	0.00			0	0.00
3			0	0.00			0	0.00
4			0	0.00			0	0.00
5			0	0.00			0	0.00
6			0	0.00			0	0.00
7			0	0.00			0	0.00
8			0	0.00			0	0.00
9			0	0.00			0	0.00
10		75,744,733	75,744,733	57,747,625.79			0	0.00
11		75,744,733	75,744,733	56,202,068.90			0	0.00
12		75,744,733	75,744,733	54,697,877.27			0	0.00
13		75,744,733	75,744,733	53,233,943.82			0	0.00
14		75,744,733	75,744,733	51,809,191.06			0 0	0.00 0.00
15 16		75,744,733	75,744,733 75,744,733	50,422,570.38 49,073,061.20			0	0.00
17		75,744,733 75,744,733	75,744,733	47,759,670.26			0	0.00
18		75,744,733	75,744,733	46,481,430.91			0	0.00
19		75,744,733	75,744,733	45,237,402.35			0	0.00
20		75,744,733	75,744,733	44,026,668.95			0	0.00
21		75,744,733	75,744,733	42,848,339.61			0	0.00
22		75,744,733	75,744,733	41,701,547.07			0	0.00
23		75,744,733	75,744,733	40,585,447.27			0	0.00
24		75,744,733	75,744,733	39,499,218.75			0	0.00
25			0	0.00			0	0.00
26			0	0.00			0	0.00
27			0	0.00			0	0.00
28			0	0.00			0	0.00
29			0	0.00			0	0.00
30			0	0.00		56,941,600	56,941,600	25,233,340.60
31			0	0.00		56,941,600	56,941,600	24,557,995.71
32			0	0.00		56,941,600	56,941,600	23,900,725.75
33			0	0.00		56,941,600	56,941,600	23,261,046.96
34			0	0.00		56,941,600	56,941,600	22,638,488.53
35 36			0 0	0.00 0.00		56,941,600 56,941,600	56,941,600 56,941,600	22,032,592.24 21,442,912.16
37			0	0.00		56,941,600	56,941,600	20,869,014.27
38			0	0.00		56,941,600	56,941,600	20,310,476.17
39			0	0.00		56,941,600	56,941,600	19,766,886.78
40			0	0.00		30,741,000	0	0.00
41			0	0.00			0	0.00
42			0	0.00			0	0.00
43			0	0.00			0	0.00
44			0	0.00			0	0.00
45			0	0.00			0	0.00
46			0	0.00			0	0.00
47			0	0.00			0	0.00
48			0	0.00			0	0.00
49			0	0.00			0	0.00
50			0	0.00			0	0.00
Present V				721,326,064				224,013,479
	Annual Cos			26,718,581				8,297,665
	alue (\$1,00	*		721,326				224,013
Average A	Annual Cos	st (\$1,000)		26,719				8,298

Table 10. Development of Average Annual Continuing Construction Cost for Measures B-2 and B-12-2 (2.75% Discount Rate, 50-Year Period of Analysis)

	B-2				B-12-2			
	22			Present	D 12 2			Present
				Value				Value
n	0034	Continuing		Continuing	0034	Continuing		Continuing
Period	O&M	Construction	Subtotal	Construction	O&M	Construction	Subtotal	Construction
1 2			0	0.00 0.00			0 0	0.00
3			0	0.00			$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	0.00
4			0	0.00			0	0.00
5			0	0.00			0	0.00
6			0	0.00			0	0.00
7			0	0.00			0	0.00
8			0	0.00			0	0.00
9			0	0.00			0	0.00
10		62,077,600	62,077,600	47,327,832.22			0	0.00
11		62,077,600	62,077,600	46,061,150.58			0	0.00
12		62,077,600	62,077,600	44,828,370.39			0	0.00
13		62,077,600	62,077,600	43,628,584.32			0	0.00
14		62,077,600	62,077,600	42,460,909.32			0	0.00
15		62,077,600	62,077,600	41,324,485.95			0	0.00
16		62,077,600	62,077,600	40,218,477.81			0	0.00
17		62,077,600	62,077,600	39,142,070.86			0 0	0.00
18 19		62,077,600 62,077,600	62,077,600 62,077,600	38,094,472.86 37,074,912.76			$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	0.00
20		02,077,000	02,077,000	0.00			0	0.00
20			0	0.00			0	0.00
22			0	0.00			0	0.00
23			0	0.00			0	0.00
24			0	0.00			0	0.00
25			0	0.00			0	0.00
26			0	0.00			0	0.00
27			0	0.00			0	0.00
28			0	0.00			0	0.00
29			0	0.00			0	0.00
30			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	74,071,702.99
31			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	72,089,248.66
32			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	70,159,852.71
33			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	68,282,095.09
34			0	0.00		167,150,333 167,150,333	167,150,333 167,150,333	66,454,593.76
35 36			0	0.00 0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	64,676,003.66 62,945,015.73
37			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	61,260,355.94
38			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	59,620,784.37
39			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	58,025,094.28
40			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	56,472,111.22
41			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	54,960,692.18
42			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	53,489,724.75
43			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	52,058,126.28
44			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	50,664,843.10
45			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	49,308,849.73
46			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	47,989,148.15
47			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	46,704,767.06
48			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	45,454,761.13
49			0	0.00		167,150,333	167,150,333	44,238,210.34
50	7-1	<u> </u>	0	420.161.267	]	167,150,333	167,150,333	43,054,219.31
Present V		act		420,161,267				1,201,980,200
	Annual Co alue (\$1,0			15,563,160 420,161				44,522,451 1,201,980
		ost (\$1,000)		15,563				44,522
Tivelage	i imiaai CC	ω (ψ1,000)		13,303				17,522

Table 11. Development of Average Annual Continuing Construction Cost for Measures CA-5-2 and M-8-2 (2.75% Discount Rate, 50-Year Period of Analysis)

	CA-5-2				M-8-2			
				Present				
				Value				Present Value
	0.034	Continuing		Continuing	0.034	Continuing		Continuing
Period	O&M	Construction	Subtotal	Construction	O&M	Construction	Subtotal	Construction
1			0	0.00			0	0.00
2			0	0.00			0	0.00
3			0	0.00			0	0.00
4			0	0.00			0	0.00
5			0	0.00 0.00			0 0	0.00 0.00
7			0	0.00			0	0.00
8			0	0.00			0	0.00
9			0	0.00			0	0.00
10			0	0.00			0	0.00
11			0	0.00			0	0.00
12			0	0.00			0	0.00
13			0	0.00			0	0.00
14			0	0.00			0	0.00
15			0	0.00			0	0.00
16			0	0.00			0	0.00
17			0	0.00			0	0.00
18			0	0.00			0	0.00
19			0	0.00			0	0.00
20			0	0.00			0	0.00
21			0	0.00			0	0.00
22			0	0.00			0	0.00
23			0	0.00			0	0.00
24			0	0.00			0	0.00
25			0	0.00			0	0.00
26			0	0.00			0	0.00
27			0	0.00			0	0.00
28			0	0.00			0	0.00
29			0	0.00			0	0.00
30		3,764,400	3,764,400	1,668,172.08		71,718,000	71,718,000	31,781,416.76
31		3,764,400	3,764,400	1,623,525.14		71,718,000	71,718,000	30,930,819.23
32		3,764,400	3,764,400	1,580,073.13		71,718,000	71,718,000	30,102,987.09
33		3,764,400	3,764,400	1,537,784.07		71,718,000	71,718,000	29,297,311.04
34		3,764,400	3,764,400	1,496,626.83		71,718,000	71,718,000	28,513,198.09
35			0	0.00			0	0.00
36			0	0.00			0	0.00
37			0	0.00			0	0.00
38			0	0.00			0	0.00
39			0	0.00			0	0.00
40 41			0	0.00 0.00			0	0.00 0.00
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42			0	0.00			0	0.00
43			0	0.00			0	0.00
45			0	0.00			0	0.00
46			0	0.00			0	0.00
47			0	0.00			0	0.00
48			0	0.00			0	0.00
49			0	0.00			0	0.00
50			0	0.00			0	0.00
Present V	alue	ı	_ ~	\$7,906,181	I.	ı	1 ~	\$150,625,732
	Annual Cost			\$292,852				\$5,579,315
	alue (\$1,000			\$7,906				\$150,626
	Annual Cost			\$293				\$5,579
11.514501		(+1,000)						+0,012

Table 12. Development of Average Annual Continuing Construction Cost for Measures W-3 (2.75% Discount Rate, 50-Year Period of Analysis)

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Table 13 provides a summary of the average annual initial construction, average annual continuing construction and the sum of the two, average annual project first cost.

**Table 13. Average Annual Project First Costs** 

Measure	Average Annual Construction Cost	Average Annual Continuing Construction Cost	Average Annual Project First Cost
G-5	\$154,376	\$26,719	\$181,095
G-28-1	36,767	0	36,767
G-28-2	36,767	8,298	45,065
B-2	22,219	15,563	37,782
B-12-1	26,070	0	26,070
B-12-2	26,070	44,522	70,592
CA-5-1	2,275	0	2,275
CA-5-2	2,275	293	2,568
CA-6	3,091	0	3,091
M-8-1	7,380	0	7,380
M-8-2	7,380	5,579	12,959
SP-1	13,460	0	13,460
W-3	1,814	10,333	12,147

As previously described, the cost and output (AAHUs) for each measure are added together to create the fully formed plans. A summary of costs and benefits by fully formed alternative is displayed in Table 14.

Table 14. Summary of Project First Costs (\$1,000, October 2017 Prices, 2.75% Interest Rate, 50-Year Period of Analysis) and Net AAHU's by Alternative

Alternative	Initial Construction Cost	Monitoring and Adaptive Management Costs	Cultural Cost	Continuing Construction Cost	Total First Cost	Average Annual Project Cost	Net AAHUs
Alternative 1-1	\$6,034,660	\$102,097	\$10,802	\$2,276,755	\$8,424,314	\$320,067	39,059
Alternative 1-2	6,034,660	102,097	10,802	6,733,740	12,881,299	378,759	69,344
Alternative 2-1	4,596,288	59,506	7,824	2,276,755	6,940,373	260,185	34,026
Alternative 2-2	4,596,288	59,506	7,824	5,786,912	10,450,530	304,707	49,999
Alternative 3-1	4,775,831	65,653	6,475	2,276,755	7,124,714	267,791	33,834
Alternative 3-2	4,775,831	65,653	6,475	2,846,171	7,694,130	276,089	41,957
Alternative 4-1	2,132,039	62,640	6,215	0	2,200,894	89,043	6,312
Alternative 4-2	2,132,039	62,640	6,215	4,456,985	6,657,879	147,735	36,597
Alternative 5-1	5,350,250	83,317	5,779	1,756,947	7,196,293	281,714	4,559
Alternative 5-2	5,350,250	83,317	5,779	5,836,520	11,275,866	334,534	28,655
Alternative 6-1	5,426,429	84,841	5,980	1,756,947	7,274,197	284,805	4,577
Alternative 6-2	5,426,429	84,841	5,980	5,836,520	11,353,770	337,625	28,673

## 5 COST EFFECTIVENESS AND INCREMENTAL COST ANALYSIS

To conduct the CE/ICA analysis, environmental restoration benefits (increase in with-project AAHUs) and annual costs (expressed in thousands of dollars) were entered into IWR Planning Suite. The analysis is in two parts. Cost effective analysis identifies all of the cost-effective plans. The cost-effective plans are incrementally evaluated on incremental cost per incremental output to identify the best buy plans.

#### 5.1 Cost Effectiveness

The 12 fully formed plans were entered into IWR Planning Suite. The cost-effective analysis identified five plans as cost effective, including the no action plan. They are No Action, Alternative 1-2, Alternative 3-2, Alternative 4-1 and Alternative 4-2. This analysis is depicted graphically in Figure 1.

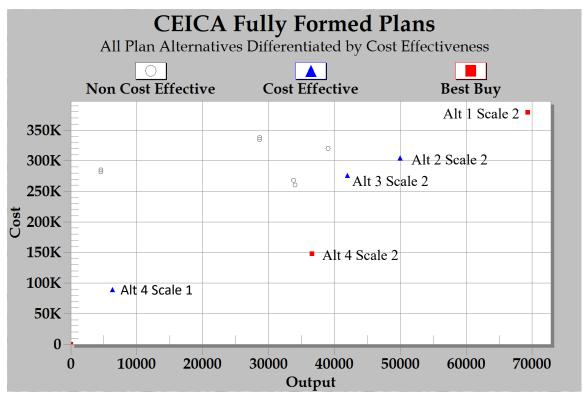


Figure 1. CE/ICA Results

#### 5.2 INCREMENTAL COST ANALYSIS AND BEST BUY PLANS

The next step in the CE/ICA analysis is to perform an incremental cost analysis (ICA) on the cost-effective plans. ICA compares the incremental cost per incremental benefit (output or lift in

environmental output) among the plans to identify plans that maximize the last dollar spent. Starting with the no action plan, the incremental cost per incremental benefit is calculated from the no action for each cost-effective plan. The plan with the least incremental cost per incremental output is identified as the first of the "with-project" best buy plans. Then starting with that plan, the incremental cost per incremental benefit is calculated between that plan and each remaining cost-effective plan, and the one with the least incremental cost per incremental benefit is identified as the next plan in the array of best buy plans. This iteration continues until there are there are no remaining plans. The last plan in the best buy array, is typically the "kitchen sink" plan, or the plan that contains all of the management measures being analyzed.

From the cost-effective alternatives, three (including the no action plan) were identified as "Best Buy" plans. The results of the analysis are shown graphically in Figure 2. The numerical output of the incremental analysis is displayed in Table 15. Alternative 4 Scale 2 provides an incremental output of 36,597 AAHUs over the no action plan, with an incremental cost per incremental output of \$4 thousand. It has a total cost, including initial construction and outyear nourishment of \$6.7 billion.

Alternative 1 Scale 2 provides a total of 69,344 AAHUs, and incremental increase over Alternative 4 Scale 2 of 32,747 AHHUs. The incremental cost per incremental output for Alternative 1 Scale 2 is \$7 thousand over the prior alternative. It has a total cost of \$12.9 billion.

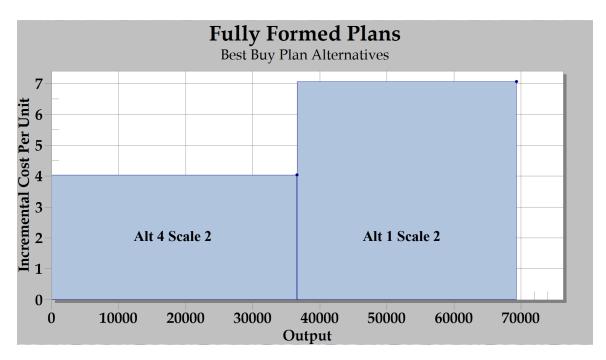


Figure 2. Incremental Comparison of Best Buy Alternatives

Table 15. Summary of Best Buy Plans

Alterative	Output (AAHU)	Cost (Average Annual, (\$1,000)	Average Cost (\$1,000/ AAHU)	Incremental Cost (\$1,000)	Incremental Output	Incremental Cost per Output (\$1,000)	Total Cost (\$1,000)
No Action	0	0					
Alt 4 Scale 2	36,597	\$147,735	\$4.04	\$147,735	36,597	4.04	\$6,657,879
Alt 1 Scale 2	69,344	\$378,759	\$5.46	\$231,024	32,747	\$7.05	\$12,881,299

### 6 ADDITIONAL CEICA ANALYSES

### 6.1 Analysis Allowing Planning Suite to Assemble Plans

During the plan formulation workshops, it was suggested the evaluation of alternatives have should not assume the fully formed plans would provide the best overall solution. There is the possibility that some other assemblage of measures could provide a better solution in terms of environmental output and cost effectiveness. As a consideration for this possibility, an additional CEICA was conducted where each individual measure was input into Planning Suite, allowing the software to assemble plans. This generate numerous additional cost-effective plans, as sown in Figure 3.

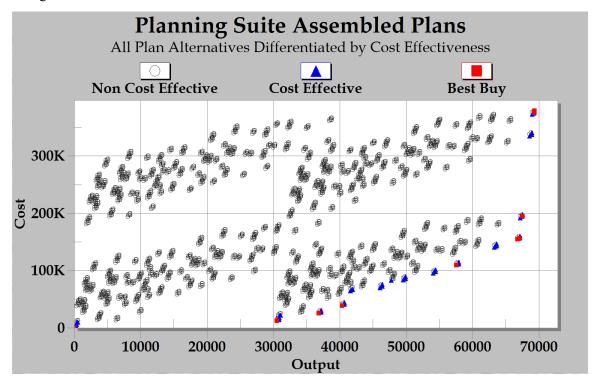


Figure 3. Cost Effective Analysis of Software Generated Plans

The cost-effective plans were incrementally analyzed, which resulted in ten best buy plans (including the No Action Plan). The output is displayed in Figure 4 and Table 16. A visual

inspection shows a significant breakpoint or increase in incremental costs between the 6<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> plans, identified as Alternative 7 in Figure 4. This alternative is highlighted in bold-face text in Table 16.

Comparing this alternative to those that were fully formed prior to analysis (Table 17) show that Alternative Z was very similar in cost and composition to Alternative 4 Scale 2 form the full formed plans. Assuming the largest plan (Alternative 1-2) provides 100% of the potential output of 69,344 AAHUs, we can see that Alternative 4-2 only provides 53% while Alternative Z provides 97% of the measured output but has a comparable project cost to Alternative 4-2. Upon looking at the measures composing these two alternatives, the significant difference is W-3. It alone accounts for 44% of the measured benefit but is not part of Alternative 4-2.

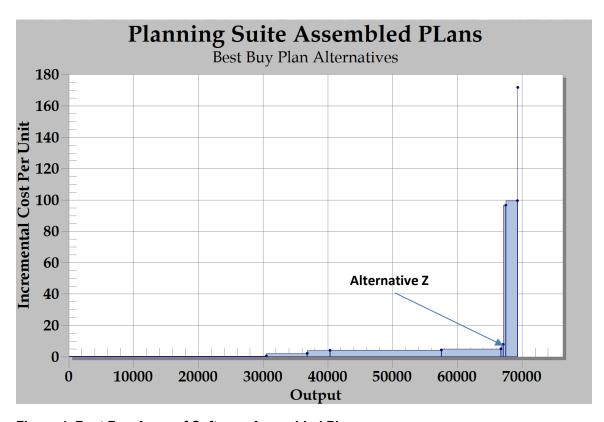


Figure 4. Best Buy Array of Software Assembled Plans

Table 16. Best Buy Summary of Software Assembled Plans

Alterative (Measure Composition)	Output (AAHU)	Cost (\$1,000)	Average Cost (\$1,000/AAHU)	Incremental Cost	Incremental Output	Incremental Cost per Output
No Action	0	0				
W3	30,536	12,147	\$0.40	\$12,147	30,536	\$0.40
W3, M8-2	36,839	25,106	\$0.68	\$12,959	6,303	\$2.06
W3, M8-2, SP1	40,340	38,566	\$0.96	\$13,460	3,501	\$3.84
W3, M8-2, SP1, B12-2	57,574	109,158	\$1.90	\$70,592	17,234	\$4.10
W3, M8-2, SP1, B12-2, G28-2	66,784	154,223	\$2.31	\$45,065	9,210	\$4.89
W3, M8-2, SP1, B12-2, G28-2, CA5-2	67,115	156,791	\$2.34	\$2,568	331	\$7.76
W3, M8-2, SP1, B12-2, G28-2,CA5-2, B2	67,506	194,573	\$2.88	\$37,782	391	\$96.63
W3, M8-2, SP1, B12-2, G28-2, CA5-2, B2, G5 W3, M8-2, SP1, B12-2, G28-2, CA5-2, B2, G5,	69,326	375,668	\$5.42	\$181,095	1,820	\$99.50
CA6	69,344	378,759	\$5.46	\$3,091	18	\$171.72

Table 17. Comparison of Fully Formed Alternatives to Alternative Z

Alternative	Output	Percent of Potential Measured Output	Total Cost
Alternative 1-2	69,344	100%	12,881,299
Alternative 4-2	36,597	53%	6,657,879
Alternative Z	67,115	97%	7,147,445
Measure W3	30,536	44%	567,470

Given the similarities to Alternative 4-2, the PDT revisited the original formulation to identify why it was not included and discovered that in earlier formulations of the respective strategy, the measure had been included, but was simply screened out by the preliminary screening process. The PDT feels that adding Measure W3 to Alternative 4 (Scales 1 and 2) is consistent with the planning strategies related to Alternative 4. This led to revising Alternative 4 (Scale 1 and 2) to include W3, and a one additional CEICA runs to be confident in the results.

### 6.2 REVISION OF ALTERNATIVE 4

In this last CEICA run, the annual costs and benefits associated with measure W3 were added to the existing numbers for Alternative 4 (Scales 1 and 2). The resulting cost-effective analysis is shown in

Figure 5. The analysis resulted in four cost effective plans: No Action, Alternative 4 Scale 1(revised), Alternative 4 Scale 2 (revised), and Alternative 1 Scale 2.

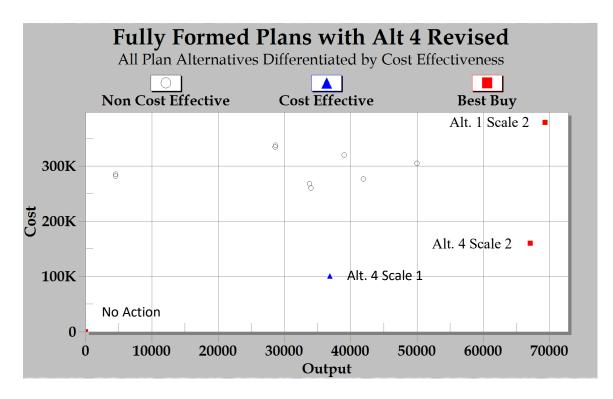


Figure 5. Cost Effective Analysis with Revised Alternative 4

The incremental cost analysis is presented in Figure 6 Table 18. Of the cost-effective plans, only three are best buys: No Action, Alternative 4 Scale 2 (revised) and Alternative 1 Scale 2. The revised Alternative 4 Scale 2 provides a gain of 67,133 AAHUs over the No Action alternative. The incremental cost per incremental output is \$2.4 thousand. The project cost (including initial construction and outyear nourishment) is \$7.2 billion.

Alternative 1 Scale 2 provides a total output of 69,244 AAHUs, which 32,747 additional AAHUs over Alternative 4 Scale 2 (revised). The incremental cost per incremental output is \$99 thousand and the project cost is \$12.9 billion.

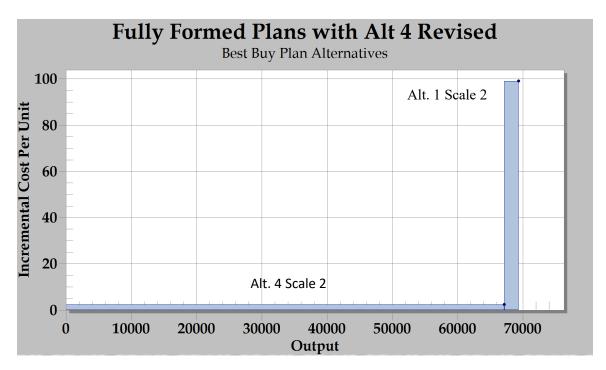


Figure 6. Best Buy Array with Alternative 4 Revised

Table 18. Summary of Incremental Cost Analysis with Alternative 4 revised

Alterative	Output (AAHU)	Cost (\$1,000)	Average Cost (\$1,000/AAHU)	Incremental Cost (\$1,000)	Incremental Output	Incremental Cost per Output (\$1,000)	Total Cost (\$1,000)
No Action	0	0					
Alt 4* Sale 2	67,133	\$159,882	\$2.38	\$159,882	67,133	\$2.38	\$7,225,239
Alt 1 Scale 2	69,344	\$378,759	\$5.46	\$231,024	32,747	\$98.99	\$12,881,299

In comparing the three CEICA runs, the PDT feels the final run identifies the best alternatives for evaluation for the ER and tentatively selected plan. Because of the significant incremental output created by Measure W3 at a comparatively low added cost, and that the measure is consistent with the planning strategy for Alternative 4, it is felt the revision to Alternative 4 is sound. When comparing the two best buy plans, there is a distinct increase in incremental costs per incremental out going from Alternative 4 Scale 2 to Alternative 1 Scale 2, as well as a significant increase in project costs. However, not all of the benefits are measures by the environmental models used, leaving a significant portion underrepresented in the CEICA analysis.

### 7 Post Technical Review CEICA Run

Following technical and policy reviews, it was determined that out year nourishment should not be considered in the formulation of plans. Additionally, it was determined measure G5 should be removed from the ER analysis and moved to CSRM. To ensure that these changes would not have an impact on the selected plan, an additional CECIA analysis was ran from the fully formed plans with measure W3 added to Alternative 4-1, G5 removed, and no out-year nourishment.

As shown in Figure 7, the all the cost-effective plans were best buys and consist:

- No Action
- Alt 1 Scale 1
- Alt 2 Scale 1
- Alt 4 Scale 2

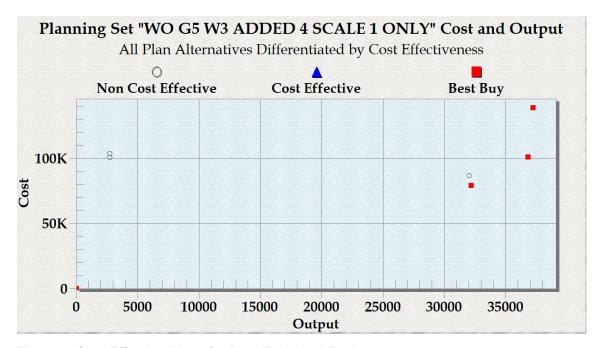


Figure 7. Cost Effective Plans for Post Technical Review

The incremental cost and best buy array are shown in Figure 8 and Table 19. The first alternative after no action is Alt 2-1, with an output of 32,206 AAHUs over the no action plan. The incremental cost per incremental output is \$2,460 and has a total cost of \$2.4 billion. The next increment is Alt 4-1, with an incremental output of 4,642 AAHUs and an incremental cost per incremental output of \$4,760. The total cost of Alt 4-1 is \$2.8 billion. The final increment is Alt 1-1, with incremental output of 391 AAHUs and an incremental cost per incremental output of \$96,630. The total cost of Alt 1-1 is \$3.9 billion. A detailed discussion of these unmeasured benefits as well as the rationale for a tentatively selected plan will be presented in an "Is It Worth It" analysis of this best buy array.

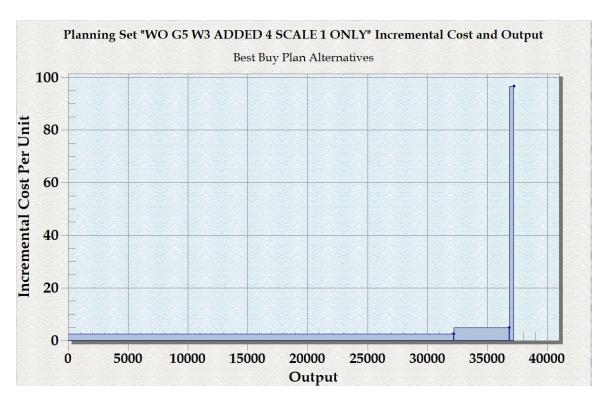


Figure 8. Incremental Cost Analysis for Post Technical Review CEICA

Table 19. Summary of Best Buy Plans for Post Technical Review CEICA

Alternative	Output (AAHU)	Cost (\$1,000)	Average Cost (\$1,000/AAHU)	Incremental Cost	Incremental Output	Incremental Cost per Output (\$1,000)	Total Cost (\$1,000)
No Action	0	0					
Alt 2 Scale 1	32,206	\$79,090	\$2.46	\$79,090	32,206	\$2.46	\$2,427,321
Alt 4 scale 1	36,848	\$101,190	\$2.75	\$22,100	4,642	\$4.76	\$2,768,364
Alt 1 Scale 1	37,239	\$138,972	\$3.73	\$37,782	391	\$96.63	\$3,911,262